# Side Impact Crashworthiness Evaluation Moving Deformable Barrier 2.0 Specification (Version I)

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## SCOPE

This specification describes an updated version of the moving deformable barrier to be used in the Insurance Institute for Highway Safety (IIHS) side impact crashworthiness evaluations.

## PURPOSE

The design and performance criteria described in this specification are intended to

- provide a measurement tool with sufficient precision to ensure repetitive and correlative results under similar test conditions and
- reflect adequately the protective performance of a motor vehicle or item of motor vehicle equipment with respect to human occupants.

## **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The side impact moving deformable barrier consists of two parts: a *Main Honeycomb Block* and a *Bumper Honeycomb Block*.

The Main Honeycomb Block comprises four elements: one Upper, two Rails, and one Middle Bottom.

The Bumper Honeycomb Block comprises three elements: one Middle and two Sides.

An expanded view of the barrier components is shown in Figure 1. Barrier construction and assembly drawings (Figures 2 to 5) are included at the end of this specification.

## BARRIER COMPONENT DIMENSIONS AND SPECIFICATIONS

The dimensions of the moving deformable barrier are illustrated in Figure 2. All dimensions in Figure 2 allow a tolerance of  $\pm 5$  mm (where applicable) unless otherwise specified.

Honeycomb crush strengths are measured in accordance with the certification procedure described in U.S. Department of Transportation, NHTSA Lab Test Procedure for FMVSS No. 214, Dynamic Side Impact Protection: Moving Deformable Barrier Test Requirements, TP-214D, Appendix C\*.

\* For the *Upper Element* of the IIHS movable deformable barrier, sample sizes were increased to 250 x 250 mm due to cell size. All other dimensions and tolerances remain as stated in NHTSA *TP-214D*, *Appendix C*.

#### Main Honeycomb Block

The *Main Honeycomb Block* is manufactured from four elements to exhibit the length, width, and height dimensions shown in Figure 2 and consists of the following:

#### • Upper Element

The *Upper Element* is manufactured out of aluminum 3003 with nominal specification as follows: cell size of 25.4 mm, density of 20.8 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, and crush strength of  $140 \pm 16$  kPa.

• Rail Element

The two *Rail Elements* are manufactured out of aluminum 3003 with nominal specification as follows: cell size of 9.5 mm, density of 64.1 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, and crush strength of  $1100 \pm 88$  kPa.

• Middle Bottom Element

The *Middle Bottom Element* is manufactured out of aluminum 3003 with nominal specification as follows: cell size of 19.1 mm, density of 28.9 kg/m<sup>3</sup>, and crush strength of  $325 \pm 26$  kPa.

#### **Bumper Honeycomb Block**

The *Bumper Honeycomb Block* is manufactured from three elements to exhibit the length, width, and height dimensions shown in Figure 2 and consists of the following:

- Bumper Middle Element
- Bumper Side Element

The *Bumper Middle Element and* two *Bumper Side Elements* are manufactured out of aluminum 3003 with nominal specification as follows: cell size of 19.1 mm, density of  $28.9 \text{ kg/m}^3$ , and crush strength of  $325 \pm 26 \text{ kPa}$ .

#### **Sheet Metal**

All sheet metal dimensions have  $a \pm 1$  mm tolerance unless otherwise specified.

• Base Plate

The *Base Plate* (Figure 3) is manufactured out of aluminum 5251 H22 or 5052 H32 ( $0.8 \pm 0.05$  mm). If an alternative alloy is used, proof of equivalency must be provided to IIHS.

• Top Cladding

The *Top Cladding* (Figure 4) is manufactured out of aluminum 5251 H24 or 5052 H32 ( $0.7 \pm 0.04$  mm). If an alternative alloy is used, proof of equivalency must be provided to IIHS.

• Bumper Cladding

The *Bumper Cladding* (Figure 5) is manufactured out of aluminum 5251 H22 or 5052 H32 ( $3.0 \pm 0.07$  mm). If an alternative alloy is used, proof of equivalency must be provided to IIHS.

## ADHESIVE BONDING PROCEDURE

Prior to bonding, all aluminum sheets shall be degreased. The adhesive to be used throughout should be a two-part polyurethane. If an alternative bonding method is used, proof of equivalency must be provided to IIHS.

#### **Bonding Strength Tests**

- Flatwise tensile testing is used to measure the bond strength of the adhesive according to ASTM C297/C297M-16, Standard Test Method for Flatwise Tensile Strength of Sandwich Constructions.
- The test pieces should be  $100 \text{ mm} \times 100 \text{ mm}$  and 15 mm deep, bonded to a sample of the *Base Plate* material. The honeycomb used should be representative of the *Rail Element* within the impactor.
- The minimum bonding strength must be 0.6 MPa.

## CONSTRUCTION

The *Main Honeycomb Block* is adhesively bonded to the *Base Plate*. The *Base Plate* extends beyond the height of the *Main Honeycomb Block* equally at the bottom and top, providing mounting flanges (Figure 3). The *Top Cladding* is adhesively bonded to the *Main Honeycomb Block*.

The three elements from the *Bumper Honeycomb Block* are adhesively bonded to the *Bumper Cladding* and the *Top Cladding* 50 mm from the bottom face.

The adhesive shall only be applied to the *Cladding* and *Base Plate* surfaces during bonding.

A maximum of 0.5 kg/m<sup>2</sup> of adhesive must be applied evenly over the surface, giving a maximum film thickness of 0.5 mm.

Care should be taken to ensure that adhesive does not run into the honeycomb cells, which causes an increase in the crush strength of the honeycomb.

## BARRIER IDENTIFICATION AND MARKING

Each barrier shall carry a serial number that is stamped, etched, or otherwise permanently attached, from which the manufacturing details and version can be established.

#### **Barrier Certification**

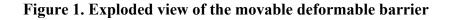
Each barrier must have (included in its shipping container or in electronic format) a certification package available that provides information according to U.S. Department of Transportation, NHTSA Lab Test Procedure for FMVSS No. 214, Dynamic Side Impact Protection: Moving Deformable Barrier Test Requirements, TP-214D, Appendix C.

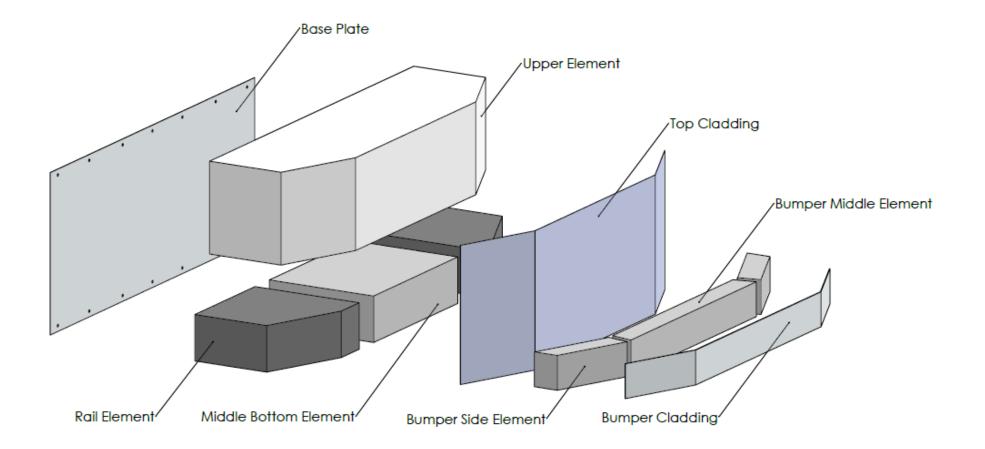
## REFERENCES

ASTM International. (2016). C297/C297M-16, Standard test method for flatwise tensile strength of sandwich constructions. West Conshohocken, PA. Retrieved from <a href="https://www.astm.org/CONTACT/index.html">https://www.astm.org/CONTACT/index.html</a>

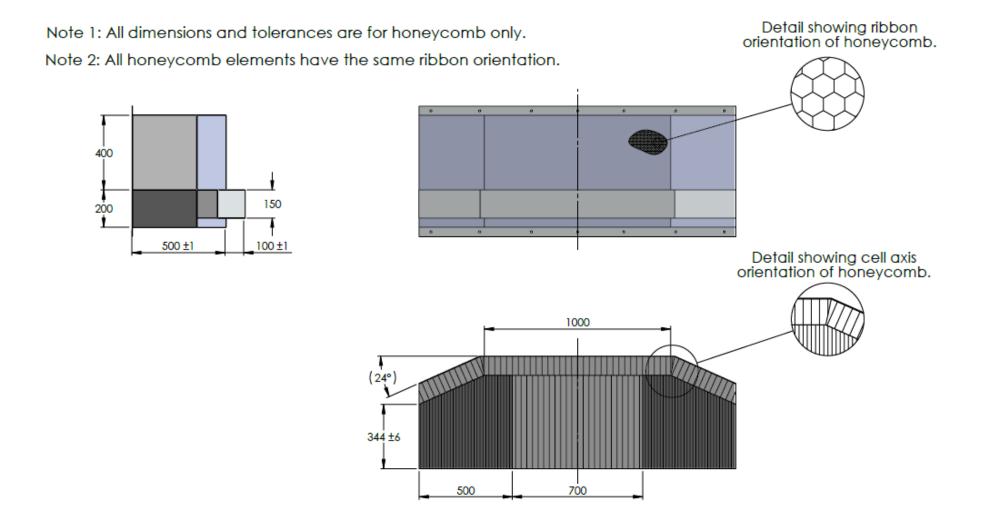
U.S. Department of Transportation. (2012). *NHTSA lab test procedure for FMVSS No. 214: Dynamic side impact protection: Moving deformable barrier test requirements, Appendix C* (TP-214D).

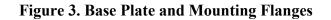
### FIGURES





#### Figure 2. General assembly





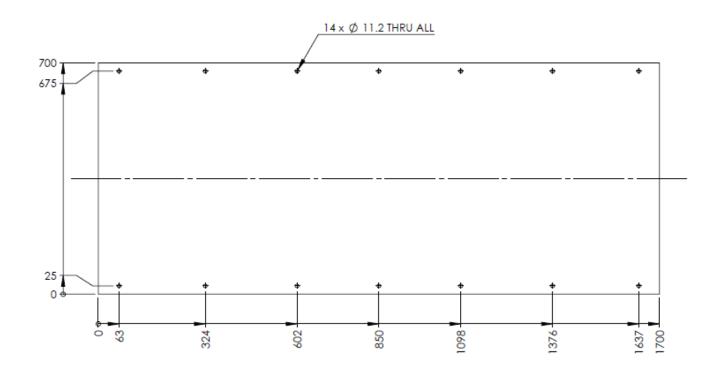


Figure 4. Top Cladding

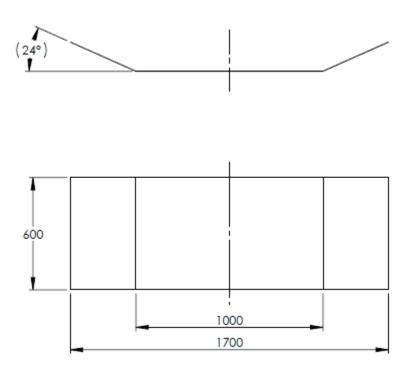


Figure 5. Bumper Cladding

